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**REPORT
FROM LATIN
AMERICA**

By Jules Dubois

CHICAGO TRIBUNE'S LATIN
AMERICAN CORRESPONDENTForeign Chiefs
of Americas to
Hold Trial of
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WASHINGTON, JULY 18—THE HOUR OF TRUTH is approaching for the Organization of American States. The foreign ministers of every American republic except communist Cuba will be here for their ninth emergency conference of consultation beginning Tuesday.

Fidel Castro and communist Cuba will be on trial. The accuser is, Venezuela. Castro was indicted last February by a special investigating committee of the O. A. S. on charges of aggression filed by Venezuela under the provision of the Rio treaty of 1947. He will be tried, of course, in absentia as Cuba is excluded from the O. A. S. In addition to Venezuela's bill of particulars in the indictment some of the foreign ministers of the other republics may try to add to the charges by documenting subversion against their countries directed by Castro.



Jules Dubois

Two weeks ago Castro used a United States newspaper as the medium thru which to attempt to convince the O. A. S. that he is going to behave and that he will cease and desist further directed communist subversion of their countries if the United States would cease aiding the Cuban exiles. He goofed badly with that one. The United States is not aiding Cuban exiles. And thus he sought to place the blame for his subversion of the other countries on the United States. And he implicitly convicted himself by that admission, as well as by his effort to seek a resumption of relations with Washington under his terms. And he attempted to revive the fable that the issue to be debated here is exclusively a United States-Cuban quarrel.

Juana Castro Denounces Her Brother

THIS MIGHT HAVE WORKED had not his younger sister Juana Castro defended him.

Fidel before television cameras in Mexico. To reinforce its already iron-clad case against Cuba, Venezuela might very well request that the Juana Castro telecast be viewed at the conference by the foreign ministers. This move would serve a psychological purpose, as an effort might be made to block the maneuver for procedural reasons. It would compel the nations soft on Castro to be counted before the vote on a resolution that would call for every penalty short of the employment of armed forces against Castro.

If there is going to be such a resolution, President Donald J. Reid-Cabral of the Dominican Republic will attend the conference in his role of foreign minister. He plans to arrive tonight with Mrs. Reid if he is assured in advance that there is a firm determination to apply sanctions against Castro. This he told me last week in Santo Domingo, and he will also add charges of Castro aggression against the Dominican Republic.

Reid can ill afford to leave his troubled country but he considers the meeting here so important for the liberation of Cuba from communism that he has been planning to attend. He recalled what a psychological uplift the Dominicans received four years ago when the O. A. S. applied sanctions against the late Generalissimo Rafael Leonidas Trujillo, the dictator of the Dominican Republic. It spurred them on to increase their resistance and to plot to put an end to the tyranny. The end came in nine months.

Other Ministers Can Add Accusations

THE FOREIGN MINISTERS of Colombia, Brazil, and Argentina can better furnish other accusations when they make their speeches in the general debate if they wish.

There will be no lack of evidence to prove aggravating circumstances against Castro. Thus the sanctions should be voted here with more ease than the eye lash victory at Punta del Este, Uruguay, in 1962 when Cuba was excluded from the O. A. S. by the bare two-thirds majority of 14 votes required by the Rio treaty.

Mexico, Chile, and Uruguay which still have relations with Castro might abstain against any sanctions. Bolivia, which also maintains relations with Castro might abstain, or it might vote for sanctions because of a personal friendship of its president with the Venezuelan regime and also because he would not want to lose the 11 million or more dollars that the United States furnishes him annually to pay his salary and that of his entire administration.